

Citizens Bank International Ltd.
Disclosure as per Basel III
For FY 2079/80 ending Poush end, 2079

Information presented hereunder is as per disclosure requirements of the Capital Adequacy Framework issued by NRB. Disclosures are in respect of the stand-alone capital adequacy of Citizens Bank International Ltd.

Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy:

a. Tier 1 Capital and a breakdown of its components

NPR In Full Figures

Tier 1 Capital (Core Capital) (CET1 +AT1)	Amount in NPR
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1)	17,672,602,332
Paid up Equity Share Capital	14,200,974,006
Statutory General Reserves	3,198,196,885
Retained Earnings	107,174,084
Capital Redemption Reserve	694,444,444
Less: Goodwill	(115,994,228)
Less: Intangible assets	(52,511,102)
Less: Investment in equity in institutions with financial interests	(317,204,200)
Less: Purchase of land & building in excess of limit and unutilized	(37,541,127)
Less: Negative Balance of Reserve Account	(4,936,429)
Additional Tier 1 (AT1)	-
Tier 1 Capital (Core Capital) (CET1 +AT1)	17,672,602,332

b. Tier 2 Capital and a breakdown of its components

Tier 2 Capital (Supplementary Capital)	Amount in NPR
Cumulative and/or Redeemable Preference Share	-
Subordinated Term Debt	2,500,000,000
General Loan Loss Provision	1,541,825,335
Exchange Equalization Reserve	74,958,036
Supplementary Capital (Tier 2)	4,116,783,371

c. Detailed Information about the Subordinated Term Debt with information on the outstanding amount, maturity, amount raised during the year and amount eligible to be reckoned as capital funds.

10.25% Citizens Bank Debenture, 2086	Amount in NPR
Outstanding Amount	2,500,000,000
Maturity Date	Falgun 2086
Amount raised during the year	
Amount eligible for Tier 2 Capital Fund (net of redemption reserve)	2,500,000,000

The Bank has been appropriating NPR 277.77 Million in debenture redemption reserve each year, i.e. proportionately over the duration of the bond, starting from Shrawan 2077. The current balance of Redemption Reserve stands at NPR 694.44 Million.

d. Deductions from Capital

The Bank has deducted the following items in calculation of Tier 1 Capital:

NPR 115.994 Million for Goodwill and NPR 52.511 Million for Intangible Assets.

NPR 4.936 Million in Negative balance of Reserve Account

NPR 317.204 Million invested in equity capital of subsidiary company. Out of NPR 317.20 Million, NPR 117.20 million is invested in CBIL Capital Limited and NPR 200 million is invested in CBIL Securities Limited

NPR 37.541 Million for unutilized portion of land & building for more than 2 years from the date of acquisition/purchase.

e. Total Qualifying Capital

Description	Amount in NPR
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET 1)	17,672,602,332
Tier 1 Capital	17,672,602,332
Tier 2 Capital	4,116,783,371
Total Capital Fund (Tier 1 and Tier 2)	21,789,385,703
Risk Weighted Exposures	184,030,745,767

f. Capital Adequacy Ratio

Description	Amount in NPR
Leverage Ratio	7.51%
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures ratio	9.60%
Tier 1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures Ratio	9.60%
Total Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures Ratio	11.84%

Risk Weighted Exposures

g. Risk weighted exposures for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk

Risk Weighted Exposures	Amount in NPR
Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	170,285,085,575
Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	6,743,827,776
Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	1,154,269,421
Regulatory Adjustment:	
Add: 2% of RWE as Supervisory Haircut	3,563,663,655
Add: 4% of Operational Risk as Supervisory Haircut	2,283,899,340
Total Risk Weighted Exposures (after bank's adjustments of Pillar II)	184,030,745,767

h. Risk weighted exposures under different categories of Credit Risk

Risk Weighted Exposure	Amount in NPR
Categories of Credit Risk	
Claims On Government and Central Bank	-
Claims On Other Official Entities	-
Claims on Public Sector Entities	-
Claims On Banks	2,729,581,935
Claims on Corporate And Securities Firms	76,644,351,957
Claims On Regulatory Retail Portfolio	22,816,134,601
Claims Secured By Residential Properties	6,843,505,926
Claims Secured By Commercial Real Estate	1,281,272,208
Past Due Claims	7,771,943,556
High Risk Claims	22,785,809,388
Lending against securities upto 2.5 million	209,332,597
Claims on trading Loans	959,719,269
Other Assets	8,757,516,884
Off Balance Sheet Items	19,485,917,252
Total Credit Risk Weighted Exposures	170,285,085,575

i. Total Risk Weighted Exposure calculation table:

Risk Weighted Exposures	Amount in NPR
Credit Risk exposure	170,285,085,575
Operational Risk Exposure	6,743,827,776
Market Risk Exposure	1,154,269,421
Adjustments under Pillar II	
Add: 2% of RWE as Supervisory Haircut	3,563,663,655
Add: 4% of Operational Risk as Supervisory Haircut	2,283,899,340
Total Risk Weightage Exposures	184,030,745,767
Total Core Capital (CET1 +AT1)	17,672,602,332
Total Capital Fund (Tier 1 and Tier 2)	21,789,385,703
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures (After Bank's adjustments of Pillar II)	9.60%
Tier 1 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures (After Bank's adjustments of Pillar II)	9.60%
Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital to Total Risk Weighted Exposures(AfterBank's adjustments of Pillar II)	11.84%

Details of Non-Performing Assets

j. Amount of Non-Performing Assets (both Gross and Net) as per regulatory classification

Particulars	Gross Amount	Provision	Amount in NPR
			Net Amount
Rescheduled / Restructured	210,103	26,263	183,840
Sub Standard	2,034,624,163	446,359,036	1,588,265,127
Doubtful	885,271,442	393,804,431	491,467,011
Loss	1,347,890,947	1,285,571,120	62,319,826
Total	4,267,996,654	2,125,760,850	2,142,235,804

k. Ratio of Non Performing Assets as per regulatory classification

Particulars	Percentage
Total NPL to Total Loans & Advances	2.99%
Net NPL to Net Loans & Advances	1.55%

l. Movement of Non Performing Assets as per regulatory classification

Particulars	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Amount in NPR
			Change
Rescheduled / Restructured	259,636	210,103	-19.08%
Sub Standard	2,231,183,092	2,034,624,163	-8.81%
Doubtful	724,493,151	885,271,442	22.19%
Loss	1,087,050,428	1,347,890,947	24.00%
Total	4,042,986,307	4,267,996,654	5.57%

m. Write off of Loans and Interest Suspense

Particulars	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Amount in NPR
			Change
Loan written off			
Interest Suspense written off	2,488,693	3,481,948	39.91%

n. Movements in Loan Loss Provision and Interest Suspense

Particulars	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Amount in NPR	
			Changes	
			Amount	Percentage
Loan Loss Provision	3,744,374,372	4,176,097,953	431,723,581	11.53%
Interest Suspense	1,718,039,937	1,889,227,653	171,187,716	9.96%

o. Details of Additional Loan Loss Provision as per regulatory classification

Particulars	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Additional Provision in Current Quarter	Amount in NPR
				Change
Pass Loan	1,509,721,097	1,569,597,506	59,876,409	3.97%
Watchlist	393,603,084	334,139,598	(59,463,486)	-15.11%
Rescheduled / Restructured	32,455	26,263	(6,192)	-19.08%
Sub Standard	482,525,893	446,359,036	(36,166,857)	-7.50%
Doubtful	325,400,478	393,804,431	68,403,953	21.02%
Loss	1,033,091,365	1,285,571,120	252,479,755	24.44%
Additional	-	146,600,000	146,600,000	
Total	3,744,374,372	4,176,097,953	431,723,581	11.53%

p. Segregation of Investments portfolio

Particulars	Amount in NPR
Investment securities measured at amortized	23,813,735,019
Investment in equity measured at FVTOCI	378,393,835
Trading Assets	314,536,972
Total	24,506,665,826

q. Summary of the Bank's internal approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities, if applicable.

The current paid up capital of the Bank stands at NPR 14,200,974,005

Risk Management Framework

Bank recognizes the importance of Risk Management and has accordingly invested in processes, people and a management structure. Overall risk management function of the Bank is supervised by Risk Management Committee and Internal Audit Committee represented by BOD members and Senior Executives. Risk Management Committee reviews the asset quality at frequent intervals and Internal Audit Committee provides assurance that the internal control systems of the Bank are in place. The human capital is also managed by Human Resource Management and Compensation Committee represented by BOD members and Senior Executives. There is Assets and Liabilities Management Committee (ALCO) represented by Senior Executives of the Bank to monitor the interest rate risk, liquidity risk, exchange risk, market risk, etc. Authority, responsibility and accountability have been fixed to the executives of the Bank. Product policies and programs are duly approved before any new product launches and are reviewed regularly.

1. Credit risk

Credit Risk is the risk of negative effects on the financial results and the capital of the institution due to the borrower's default on its obligations to the Bank. Bank has Credit Policy and Investment Policy in place. There is separate Credit Risk Management Department independent from Credit Business Unit. CRD consists of skilled manpower to analyse risks in different credit functions separately. Loans are originated at the lower level and evaluated based on credit policy of the Bank and respective loan policy. Credit appraisal is done by risk owner acting within risk management policies and framework. Branches recommend credit facilities to higher approval level with the BOD being highest authority to approve credit facilities that are of highest value of exposure. Delegated authority, additional documentation and IT system driven controls and laid down procedures are in place to mitigate risk further. Inherent credit risks are addressed through better safety margin, additional collateral backup, lower exposure and deposit of borrower in bank.

Operations department measures and tracks status of credit portfolio in order to detect any signs of deterioration in financial health of borrower. Comprehensive management information reports are prepared regularly and submitted to senior management. Review of credit portfolio in order to realise possible correlations between them and the environmental factors. Continuous review process at branch level in order to identify any post disbursement problem credits and immediate action is taken by recovery officers, if any identified. As last resort, legal recovery action is taken in order to reduce negative impact.

2. Market Risk

Market Risk is discussed at ALCO and within respective division level on open position on daily basis. In depth knowledge of the market and movement in variables are obtained in order to control limits for open position and monthly reports prepared. The open position is assessed on daily basis and risk exposure calculated for allocation of required capital in line with Basel provisions. ALCO ensures jobs are in line with policies and procedures and suggests necessary steps to address risk on interest rate, exchange rate movement and equity price changes. Possible financial impact due to change in market conditions are assessed periodically and actions taken accordingly. The departments are well equipped with advance dealing platform and advanced information technology.

Overview of current interest rate environment and monitoring of the movement of key interest rate indices. Periodic evaluation of net interest position and maturity gap analysis is prepared considering interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities. Interest rate risk indicators are periodically reviewed. The institution's rate indices are compared in line with market average of industry expert's rate indices of similar instruments with similar characteristics.

Interest rates are altered in line with key policy rates of the Central Bank and interest rate spread is maintained according to the Central Bank's direction. Lending policy rates are adjusted according to changes in market rates in order to mitigate risk of falling interest rate margins.

3. Operational risk:

Operational risk occurs due to external as well as the internal environment. First step is to clearly identify the risk events, after which appropriate combination of qualitative or quantitative techniques are used to evaluate the magnitude of the consequences due to the occurrence of such events. Key risk indicators and audit findings are mostly used to assess operational risk of the Bank. The Internal Audit Department conducts audit reviews of the operational processes and reports to the Board level Audit Committee. The Bank then regularly monitors faults or operational failures and responds to them with resolutions and enhancements to internal procedures.

The Bank implements sound internal control systems through instigating the Bank's internal control framework in order to manage operational risk. The IT security aspects of the Bank are examined by the separate unit of Risk Department in line with the IT Policy of the Bank. Moreover, the Bank's system is audited regularly and safety and security standards are improved through suggestions received from the audit. The operational risk committee oversees any operation risk with help of adequate access to daily reports, operational processes and recommendations to correct any faults in systems and procedures. Further, a separate reporting line is maintained in order to preserve independency of check and balance reporting of daily functions of the Bank. Adequate focus is placed on staffs of the Bank in order to avoid mistakes due to insufficient knowledge or practise. The staffs are required to attain the necessary skills through various programs such as orientation of the bank's systems and processes on the job and putting them under direct supervision of experienced staffs before being allowed to work independently.

Their development is pushed further with conduction of skill development and skill enhancement programs, seminars and workshops on a periodic basis. Each transaction goes through a check and balance concept where one individual conducts the transaction and the other checks the transaction in order to capture any abnormalities. The deviations are promptly addressed in the lower level as well as centrally through the use of the integrated system.

For the effective management of operational risk, the bank has constituted an Operation Risk Management Committee (ORMC) headed by Deputy Chief Executive Officer. The ORMC which supports RMC is responsible for implementing the Operational Risk Management Policy and adopting the best practices. The key functions of ORMC:

- Establish clear lines of management responsibility, accountability and reporting in such a manner that they are distinct to avoid conflict of interest
- Review all operational risk events and suggest process improvements and mitigants
- Review recent risk events in other banks and elsewhere as available in public domain and suggest key control required from operational risk perspectives

4. Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk indicators such as liquid asset ratio, maturity gap analysis, capital adequacy ratios and funding concentration are used to assess liquidity position and are periodically monitored by ALCO in order to ensure the optimum gearing level of assets and liabilities. However, treasury department monitors daily liquidity requirement and manages and controls the overall liquidity position of the company. Treasury front office manages overall liquidity of the Bank. It also ensures that the Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR) is maintained within NRB Directives.

It also deals in treasury bills and bonds and manages the lending/borrowing of currency (local/foreign) at local and international bank and financial institutions within the approved limit. These functions help in the analysis of maturity gap to determine the liquidity position of the bank. As per the results of gap analysis, the bank prepares future plan to manage the deficit or surplus liquidity as per the requirement of funds. While raising short term funds, the treasury negotiates for favourable rates to reduce interest costs, at the same time encouraging longer tenor deposits rather than short term deposits. Also, in order to reduce liquidity risk to an acceptable level, the institution also maintains adequate unutilised facilities as a safety cushion to honour future cash outflow commitments. Moreover, the bank regularly projects future cash flows in certain stress scenarios and thus determines the level of liquid assets required. There is appropriate stress test done regularly for the management of liquidity risk.

Capital Management

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Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank has developed its own internal policy, procedures and structures to manage credit, market and liquidity risk in adverse situation and to make contingency plan accordingly. For the purpose, the Bank has developed Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) which acts as a guiding document for reporting the ongoing assessment of the Bank's risks, how the Bank intends to mitigate those risks and how much current and future capital is necessary having considered other mitigating factors.

r. Summary of the terms, conditions and main features of all capital instruments specially in case of subordinated term debts including hybrid capital instruments.

All the capital of the Banks are unconditional. The Bank has Subordinated Debt of 2,500,000 10.25% Citizens Bank Debenture, 2086, the main features of which are as under:

Name	10.25% Citizens Bank Debenture, 2086
Amount	NPR 2,500,000,000.00
Interest Rate	10.25% per annum (before tax) payable quarterly
Type	Unsecured and Redeemable at Maturity No call / convertible feature
Numbers of Debentures	2,500,000 (Twenty Million Five Hundred Thousand Only)
Face Value	NPR 1,000.00
Maturity Period	10 Years
Priority to Debenture Holders	At the time of liquidation, priority of payment to the debenture holders will be after the depositors and secured creditors
Listing	Listed with Nepal Stock Exchange

The Bank has been appropriating NPR 277.77 Million in debenture redemption reserve each year, i.e. proportionately over the duration of the bond, starting from Shrawan 2077. The current balance of Redemption Reserve stands at NPR 694.44 Million.